

Impact study wereldmeerdaagse Brasschaat

Jelle Boeve-de Pauw & Peter Van Petegem





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- 1. What is it?
- 2. Focus of the research
- 3. Methods (respondents & instruments)
- 4. Resultats
- 5. Discussion
- 6. What's next?

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What is it?



GROS Brasschaat (Mundio vzw)

Every two years, focus on global education, plus a theme

- 12-14 year olds
- 30 schools, 6000+ students
- "Experience" market
- Webquest with a "South buddy" and scenarios (co decision making)

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What is it?



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Every two years, focus on global education, plus a theme

- 12-14 year olds
- 30 schools, 6000+ students
- "Experience" market
- Webquest with a "South buddy" and scenarios (co decision making)
- ⇒ Pressure of accountability
- ⇒ But also, a strong will to grow

Our role (UA): indepenent look at the educational impact Cooperation through the Antwerp Science Shop

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Central Research Question:

What is the educational impact of the Wereldmeerdaagse on the participating students?







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What is the educational impact of the Wereldmeerdaagse on the participating students?

Longitudinal study with 2 measurement occassions Edition 2013

- 1. Pre: focus on a baseline 2. Post: focus on differences
- ⇒ online survey within the webquest

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Respondents

- 632 students
- 10 schools
- 33 classes
- 355 students in grade 7 (56%): 11-12 years old277 students in grade 8 (44%): 12-13 years old
- 551 students in stream A (87%)
- " 81 students in stream B (13%)

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Instruments (outcome measures)

- Selected in close collaboration with Mundio
- Scientifically validated and used in scientific publications
- Used in international research
- Cover the widths of the WMD

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- Global education
- Climate change
- Cognitive and attitudes
- " Likert scales (5 or 7): completely disagree to completely agree

Causes of Third World Poverty Questionaire (Hurper et al. 1990; Bolitho et al. 2007)

What are the causes of third world poverty?

Blame the poor (6)

De inwoners van zulke landen doen zelf geen inspanningen om hun situatie te verbeteren

De inwoners van zulke landen hebben een gebrek aan intelligentie
...

Blame nature (4)

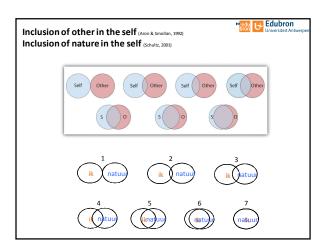
Het land is niet geschikt voor landbouw
Het klimaat is er slecht
...

Blame complex issues (6) (conflict, overheid, uitbuiting)
De overheid is er corrupt
Andere landen buiten de derde wereld uit

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1-2-3-4-5

1-2-3-4-5



2-dimensional model of ecological values (Bogner & Wiseman, 2006)

What environmental attitudes do students hold?

Preservation (5)

Vuile industriële rook uit schoorstenen maakt me boos.

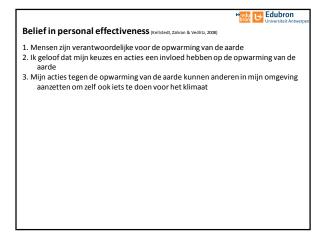
We moeten stukken natuur voorbehouden om bedreigde dier- en plantensoorten te beschermen.

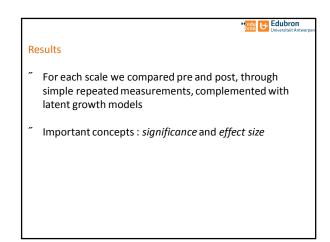
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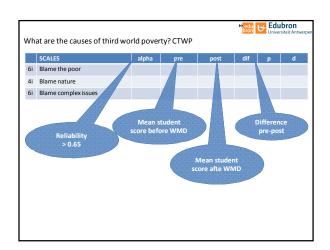
Utilization (5)

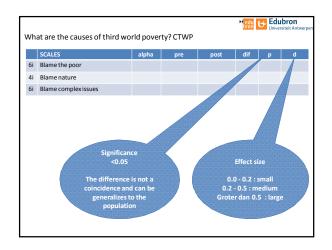
Onze planeet heeft een oneindige voorraad aan grondstoffen (aardolie, steenkool...).

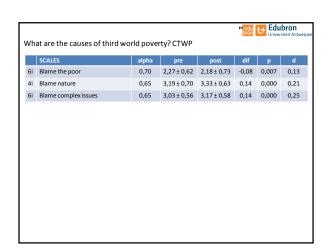
De natuur is altijd in staat om zichzelf te herstellen.
...

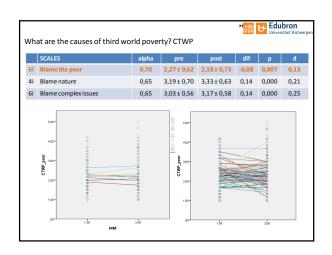


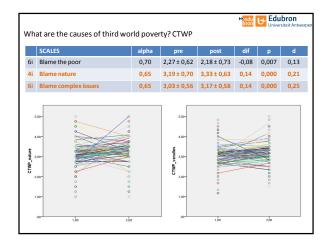


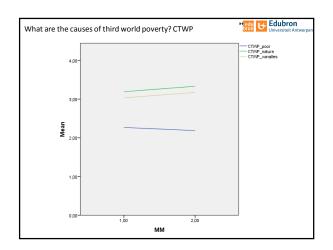


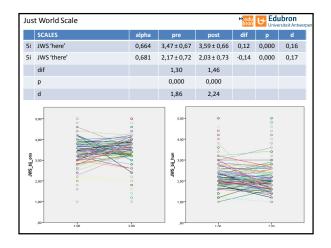


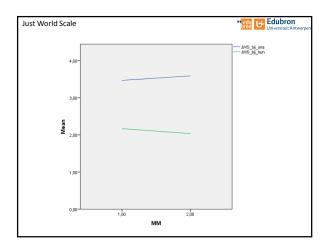


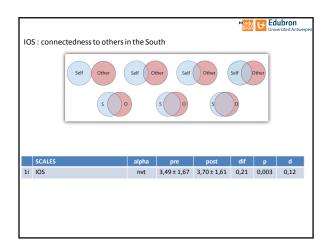


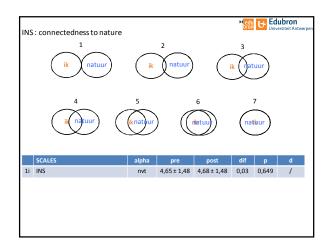


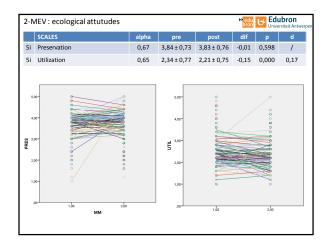


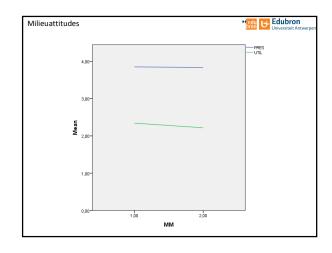


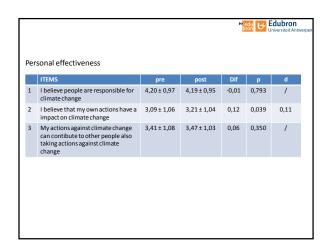












Impact study wereIdmeerdaagse Brasschaat Discussion The wereIdmeerdaagse has diverse effects on the participants

Impact study wereIdmeerdaagse Brasschaat Discussion The wereIdmeerdaagse has diverse effects on the participants 1. After their participation, students think more nuanced about causes of third world poverty - They attribute it less to people (talent, intelligence...) - and more to the context within which people live (nature, conflict, abuse, geopolitics)

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Discussion

The wereIdmeerdaagse has diverse effects on the participants

2. The students' perceptions about the justness of the world changes

- they feel more stronly that people 'here' get the opportunities and punishments they deserve

- and that people 'there' do not

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Discussion

The wereldmeerdaagse has diverse effects on the participants

- 3. Participants feel a stonger connection to people in the South
- 4. Participants do not feel a stronger connection to nature

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Discussion

The wereldmeerdaagse has diverse effects on the participants

- 3. Participants feel a stonger connection to people in the South
- 4. Participants do not feel a stronger connection to nature
- 5. Participants' ecological attitudes change: they adhere less to the utilization of nature
- 6. Participants' personal efficacy changes: they feel stronger about their own contribution to tackle climate change

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Discussion

In general: These are the effects we would want to observe, so A+

But the effects are small (effect size <0.2) or moderate.

Biggest effect was: CTWP complex issues

Small effects can however be the beginning of a bigger impact. And small effects of a short intervention are valuable.

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Discussion

Most students (classes and schools) evolved like the mean effect. But we did observe exceptions that showed a bigger or reversed effect.

Further research:

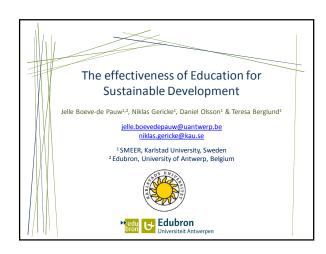
- Which schools, classes, students are the exceptions?
- Why are they different?
- Long term effects?
- Impact of the teacher (preparation, reflection)
- More diverse audience (edition 2015 : Brasschaat, Mechelen, Boom).
- All participants, not just the webquesters.

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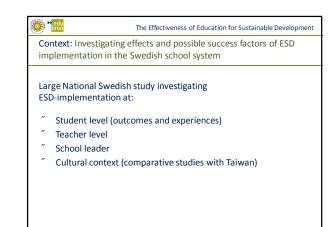
Questions? Go ahead right now, or Contact me at jelle.boevedepauw@uantwerpen.be



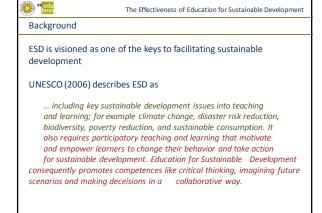


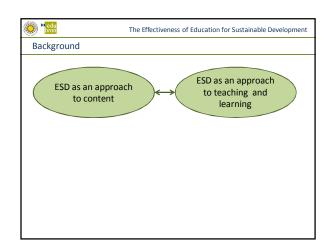
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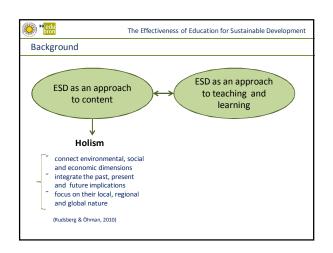


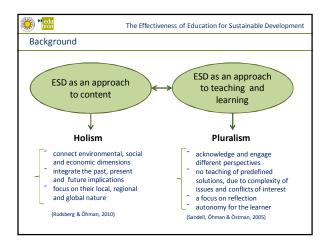


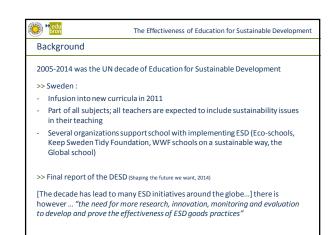


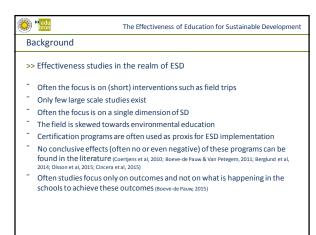


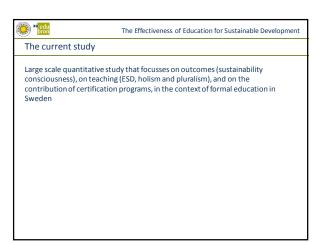


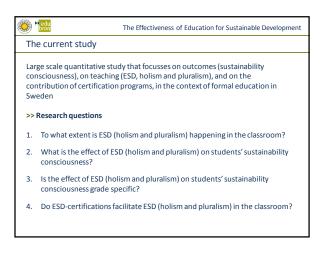


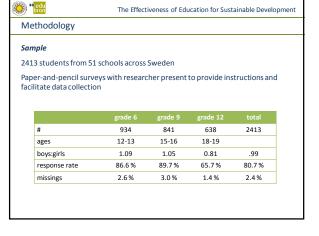














The Effectiveness of Education for Sustainable Development

Methodology

Variables

- Holistic approach to content (α =0.70)
 - H1. In school, we look at the interconnections between the past, the present and the future as regards various issues
 - H2. In school, we look at both local and global problems and the connections hetween them
 - H3. In school, we look at how economics, social issues, and environmental problems are connectected
- >> Pluralistic approach to teaching ($\alpha \text{=} 0.66)$
 - P1. When we have class discussions, it is possible for many different views to emerge
 - P2. When we read texts in school, we usually take a critical look at the content
 - P3. In school, we are encouraged to take a stand and have our own opinion on the issues at hand
 - P4. We decide what we study ourselves, with support of the teacher

(1) never, (2) seldom, (3) sometimes, (4) often, (5) very often Likert: or "I don't know



The Effectiveness of Education for Sustainable Development

Fit for CFA on 2-dimensional FSD model

Methodology

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The Effectiveness of Education for Sustainable Development

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>> ESD-dummy : Identifying schools that do (1) or do not (0) participate in ESD-certification program (eco-schools, global schools, WWF school)



The Effectiveness of Education for Sustainable Development

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- >> ESD-dummy: Identifying schools that do (1) or do not (0) participate in ESD-certification program (eco-schools, global schools, WWF school)
- >> Sustainability consciousness: knowingness (K), attitudes (A) and behaviors (B) in relation to the environmental (ENV), social (SOC) and economic (ECO) subthemes of the UNESCO definition of sustainable development (Recolund et al., 2014: Ols

Sample items

- K-ENV "Sustainable development requires that we humans reduce all sorts of waste"
- A-SOC "I think it is important that people in society exercise their democratic rights and become involved in important issues"
- B-ECO "I avoid buying goods from companies with a bad reputation for looking after their employees
- Likert: (1) strongly disagree, (2) disagree, (3) neutral, (4) agree, (5) strongly agree or "I don't know



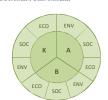
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Sustainability knowingness: 19 items (α=0.84) Sustainability attitudes : 14 items (α=0.80) Sustainability behaviors : 17 items (α=0.80)



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The Effectiveness of Education for Sustainable Development

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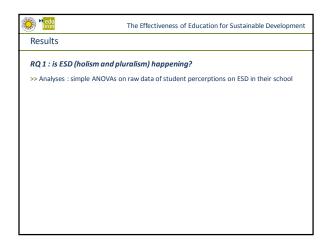
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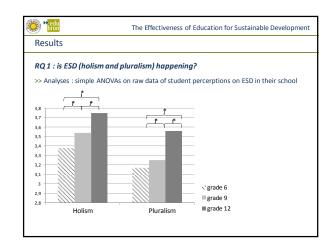
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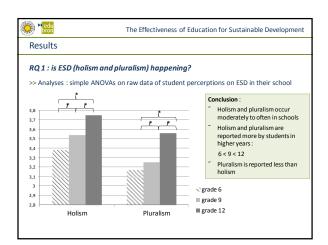
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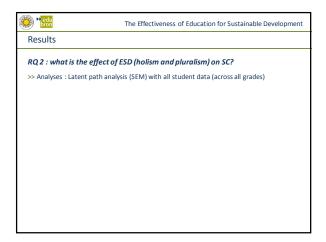
Fit for multilevel higher-order CFA RMSFA=0.041 · CFI=0.953 · TI I=0.944 Full version available online and upon request

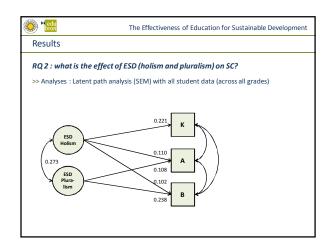


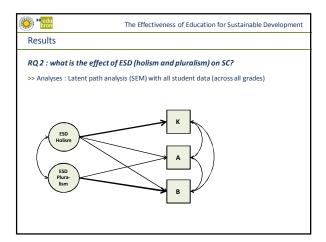


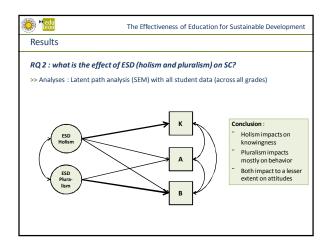


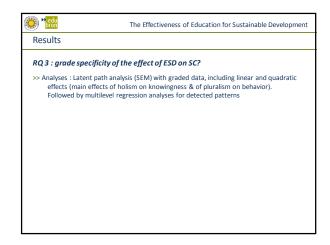


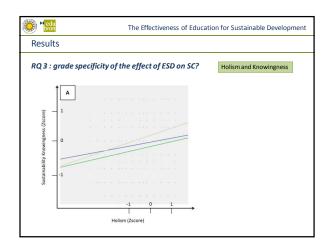


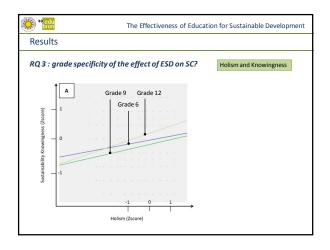


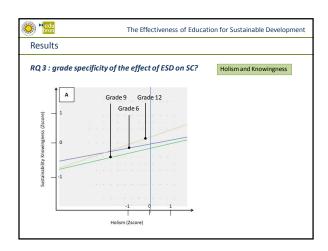


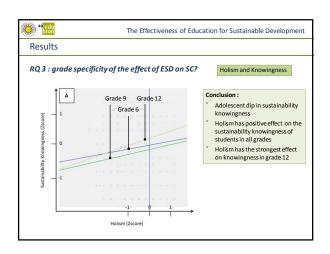


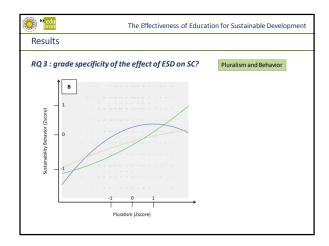


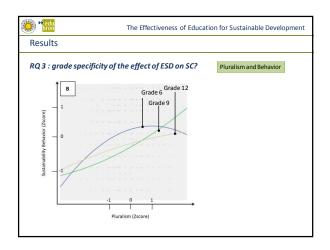


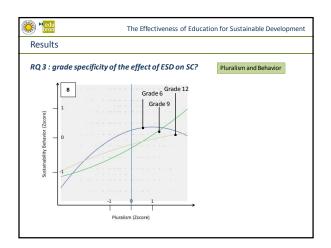


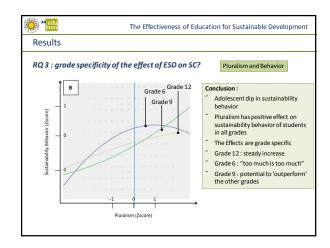


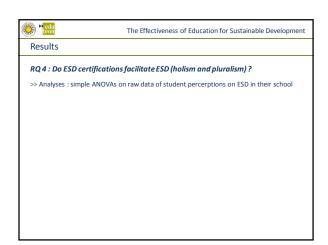


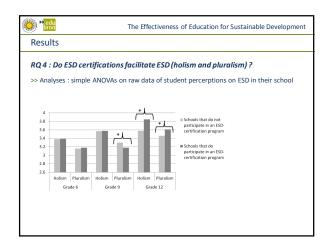


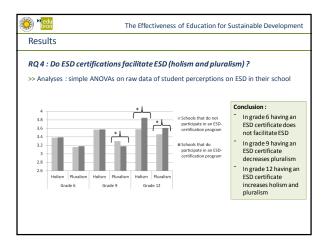


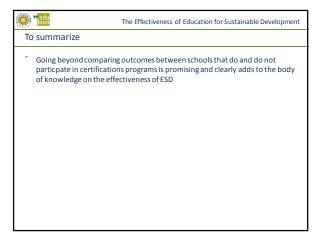






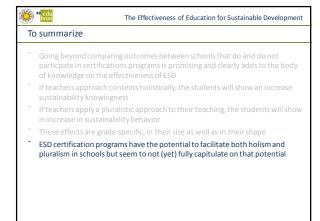


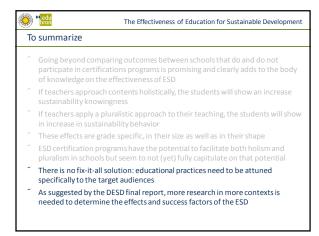






- If teachers approach contents holistically, the students will show an increase sustainability knowingness
- If teachers apply a pluralistic approach to their teaching, the students will show an increase in sustainability behavior
- These effects are grade specific, in their size as well as in their shape









The Effectiveness of Education for Sustainable Development

Publications

- $\label{eq:General} Gericke, N., Boeve-de Pauw, I., Berglund, T., Olsson, D. (\textit{forthcoming}). \ Development and validation of the Sustainability Consciousness Questionnaire (SCQ).$
- Olsson, D., Gericke, N. (2016). The adolescent dip in students' sustainability consciousness. *The Journal of Environmental Education*, 47(1), 35-51
- Boeve-de Pauw, J. Gericke, N., Olsson, D., & Berglund, T. (2015). The Effectiveness of Education for Sustainable Development. *Sustainability*, 7, 15693-15717.
- Berglund, T., Gericke, N. (2015). Separated and integrated perspectives on environmental, economic, and social dimensions—an investigation of student views on sustainable development. Environmental Education Research, published online first.
- Olsson, D., Gericke, N. & Chang Rundgren, S. N. (2015). The effect of implementation of education for sustainable development in Swedish compulsory schools assessing pupils' sustainability consciousness, Environmental Education Research, published online first.
- Berglund, T., Gericke, N. & Chang Rundgren, S. N. (2014). The Implementation of Education for Sustainable Development in Sweden: Investigating the Sustainability Consciousness among Upper Secondary Students. Research in Science & Technological Education, 32(3), 318–339.