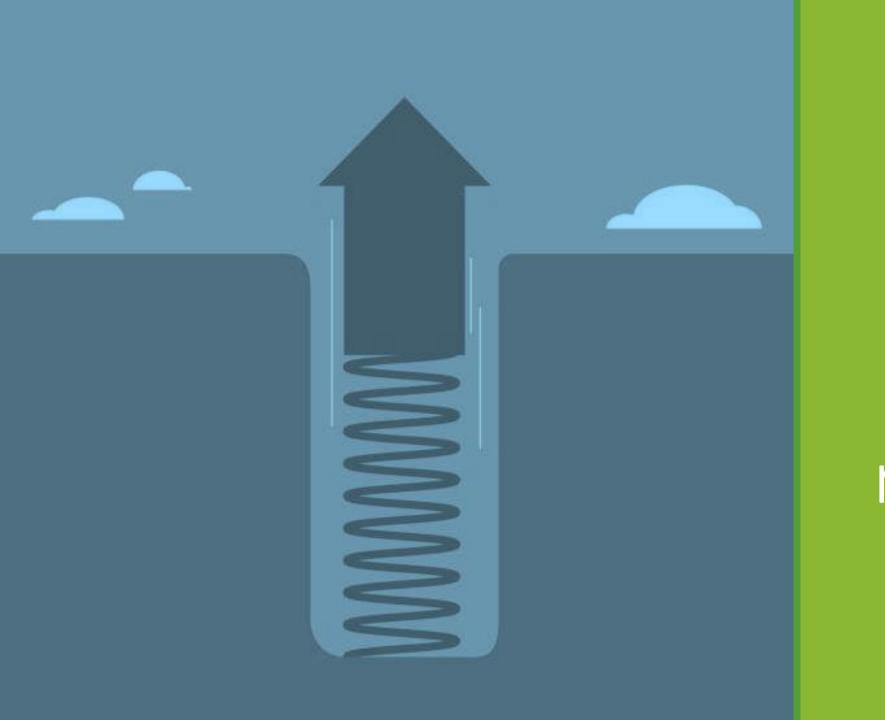




Network for Social-Ecological Resilience SECORES

Introduction to social-ecological resilience

CONFERENCE EDUCAID
21 OCTOBER 2022



What is social-ecological resilience?



Resilience ... is the ability to cope with change and continue to develop (source: Stockholm Resilience Centre)



"Resilience means that a system can recover from and/or adapt to (sudden) changes."



Ecosystem... is a dynamic entity of plant, animal and micro-organism communities and their non-living environment interacting as a functional unit (Source: Convention on Biological Diversity)





Ecosystem services ... are the benefits that people derive from ecosystems

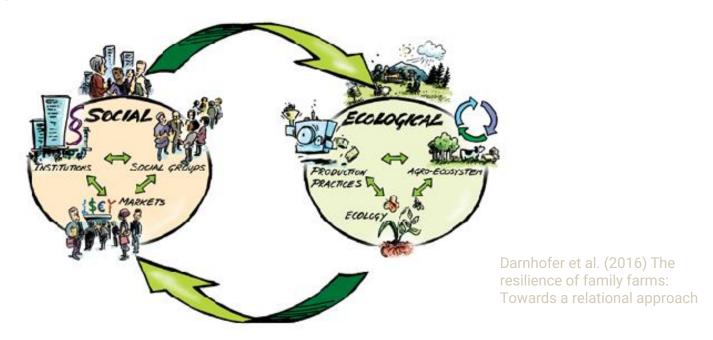
- Regulatory (or support and regulatory) services
- Supply services (material)
- <u>Cultural</u> services (non-material)

Link to human well-being

- Nature's contribution to people
- Indigenous and local knowledge and cultural services at the centre of people-nature connections
- Link to 'One Health' approach



... is the ability to adapt or transform in the face of **changes** in social-ecological systems (...), so as to continue to support human well-being (*Source: Folke et al (2016) in Ecology and Society, Vol 21 No 3*)





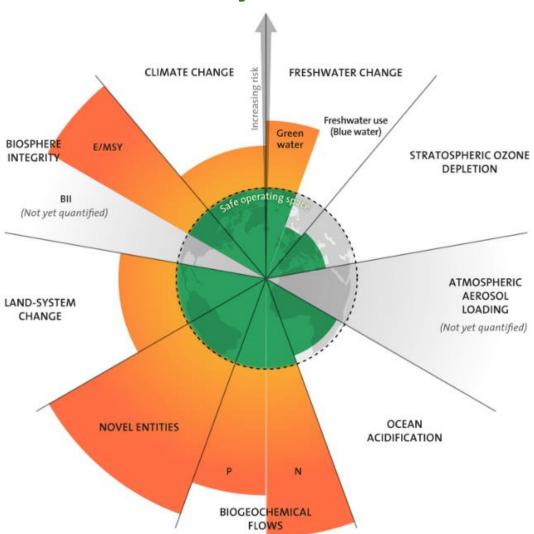
Why?



Planetary boundaries



Crossing these boundaries increases the risk of generating large-scale abrupt or irreversible environmental changes.

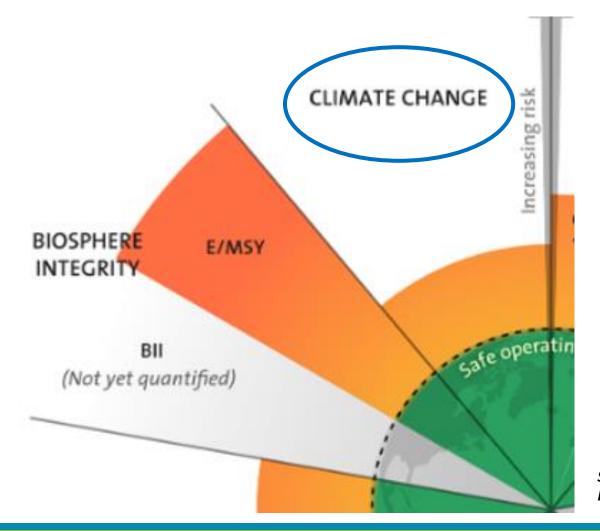


... of which 6 exceeded the limit

Source: Stockholm Resilience Centre

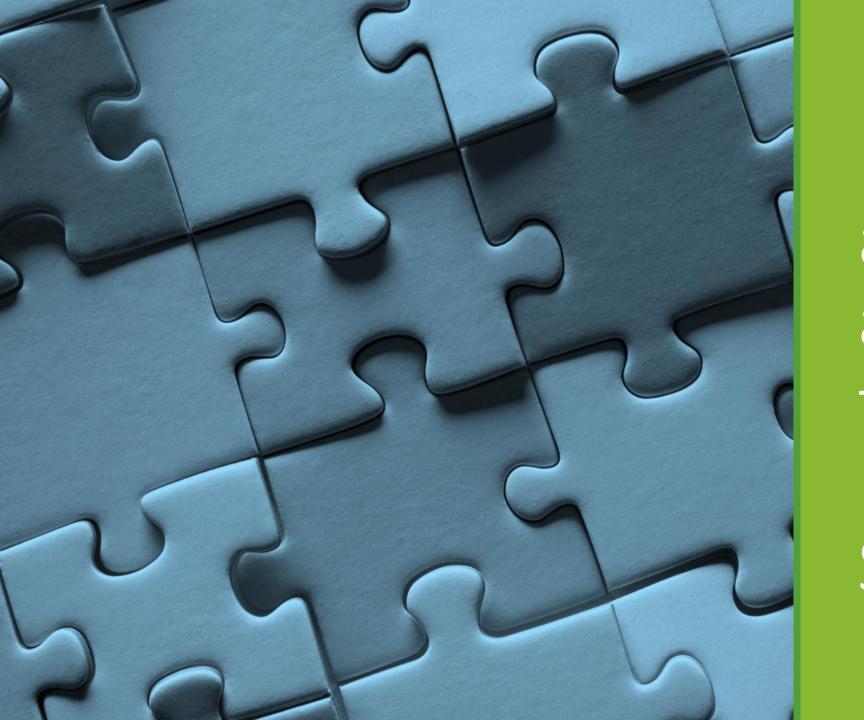


Planetary boundaries

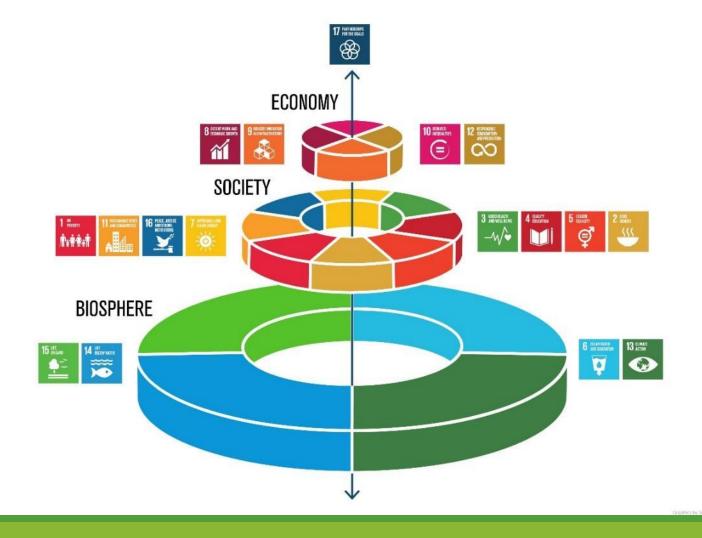


Climate change has a major impact on resilience and thus the well-being of communities, including education.

Source: Stockholm Resilience Centre



How do we aim to address this in the network SECORES?



Link to the SDGs

Education is one of the axes but should go hand in hand with the others, also around rights and policies → link to climate justice.



Improved community rights, policies and governance of ecosystems and natural resources

Improved awareness, knowledge, skills about sustainable ecosystems

Strengthened sustainable access to, management and use of ecosystem services

Ecosystems are conserved or restored for optimal functioning

To improve resilience, we must work on four axes in a **holistic way**. There is no hierarchy nor order; they must be done together.

Improved resilience of social-ecological systems

Improved
well-being of local
communities
within planetary
boundaries



Network for Social-Ecological Resilience SECORES













Thank you!

For more information on social-ecological resilience, a 10-pager document is available